



A Guide to Responding to and Reporting Child Safe Concerns

Date created:	13 th January, 2021			
Audience:	People involved in the sport of ultimate in Victoria			
Version:	1.1			
Purpose of Document:	Guide those people working or volunteering in Ultimate Victoria as to how to respond appropriately to child safe concerns when they arise, as well as report matters when necessary.			
Actions:	 Read and understand this document Encourage others to read and understand this document Make available and circulate this document to staff and volunteers 			
Review:	April, 2021			
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Other relevant resources:	 Child Safe Sport Commitment Code of Conduct for dealing with Children & Young People Ultimate Victoria website (https://www.ultimatevictoria.com.au/uv/policies/) Australian Flying Disc Association Member Protection Policy (https://afda.com/policies) 			





A Guide to Responding to and Reporting Child Safe Concerns

Who <u>can</u> report?	Anyone! We all have an obligation to report breaches of our commitment to Child Safe Sport.			
What to report and to whom?	If immediate threat of harm to others	Someone must CALL 000 (Police) as soon as possible (if it is safe to do so)		
Generally, what to do regarding Child Safety Concerns	Always ensure that conversations occur discretely with the appropriate people & maintain confidentiality	 Take reasonable steps to protect Children & Young People (CYP) and others at risk. Tell an appropriate senior person or nominated child safe officer (or other) in your club, league, association etc. The appropriate senior person or nominated officer gathers relevant information (e.g. who, what, when, where, how, why & what next?) and must inform Ultimate Victoria. If there are any concerns/conflicts of interest, contact Ultimate Victoria (if involving children) directly by phone or email. 		
What must be reported and to whom – 3 categories of mandatory reporting:	Reasonable belief of Child Sexual Abuse, Child Abuse, Neglect or Reportable Conduct *Refer also to the Victorian Mandatory Reporting of Child Abuse Summary on pages 12-13 of this summary resource.	 Report matters to police where you have a reasonable belief^ (see notes below) that sexual abuse of a child under 16 years+ (see notes), by an adult, has occurred or is likely to occur. If you are a mandatory reporter* (see notes) under the Children, Youth and Families Act 205 (Vic), report matters where you have a reasonable belief^ that a CYP has suffered, or is likely to suffer, significant harm from physical or sexual abuse and their parent/guardian has not protected, or is unlikely to protect the child from harm of that type to the Department of Health & Human Services (DHHS). The Commission for Children and Young People (CCYP) manages the reportable conduct scheme which may require reporting from the head of your club, league, association etc. If "Reportable Conduct"** (see note below) occurs on camps or overnight stays conducted by your sport, the head of your organisation must report the event to CCYP within 3 business days of occurring. For these matters, the Senior Person/Nominated Officer must refer the matter to Ultimate Victoria or the Australian Flying Disc Association. This is particularly important where the wellbeing, physical and/or mental health of any child in our sport is at risk. IF IN DOUBT ABOUT REPORTING OBLIGATIONS, CALL THE COMMISSION FOR CHILDREN AND YOUNG PEOPLE TO CHECK. 		
What you are advised to report to DHHS and CCYP (if outside the above mandatory reporting categories)	If "reasonable belief" or suspicion of actual or likely abuse of a child under 18 years that has caused, or has	 Take reasonable steps to protect Children & Young People (CYP) and others at risk. Confidentially, tell an appropriate Senior Person within your club, league, association etc. or call DHHS or CCYP if the matter is urgent. 		





	the potential to cause	The Senior Person gathers relevant information (e.g.			
	significant harm	 who, what, when, where, how, why & what next?) and must inform Ultimate Victoria or the Australian Flying Disc Association. If any concerns/conflicts of interest, contact a member protection information officer or Ultimate Victoria staff directly by phone or email. 			
What details should be	Who?	Who was involved? Were there witnesses?			
provided when reporting?		Provide names, ages (if children) and contact details if known			
**Ask for <u>consent</u> to provide contact details	What?	What happened?			
to appropriate organisations & record	When?	When did the conduct and/or behaviour occur?			
of their concerns to appropriate people,	Where?	Where did the conduct and/or behaviour occur?			
particularly for children	How?	How did the conduct and/or behaviour breach the Code of Conduct for dealing with Children and Young People? How was damage or impact to yourself/others caused?			
	Why?	Why are you concerned?			
	What next?	What is it that you and/or the person(s) affected want to happen next? What does the child want (if talking to their parent)? Note – Don't promise that what they want will definitely happen.			
	Other questions/ areas to	Who else (if anyone) have you spoken to? Poinforce obligations of confidentiality.			
What must you and/or	addressEnsure that you are in a position	Reinforce obligations of confidentiality. to talk privately – take notes if possible and retain securely.			
the person to whom you report the matter do?					
	 Pass on the information received to the appropriate organisation(s). Contact authorities (Police, DHHS or CCYP) as appropriate (see: "What <u>must</u> be reported and to whom?" - above). 				
	 Record details of the issue in the Confidential Record of Child Safe Concern Form (see below in this document and/or refer to the Ultimate Victoria website https://www.ultimatevictoria.com.au/uv/policies/) 				





What happens next for matters involving significant harm to children or serious criminal conduct?

- Next steps will always depend on the nature and seriousness of the concern(s).
- The Senior Person or Nominated Officer may provide guidance on how to manage the matter which may involve:
 - Gathering more information.
 - Reporting the matter to DHHS, CCYP or police, depending on the nature of what is uncovered through gathering the facts.
 - Reporting and/or delegating the matter to another organisation as appropriate (eg, Ultimate Victoria, Australian Flying Disc Association, school, council, employer, facility, etc).
 - Ensuring that the person complained about has received the allegations and has an opportunity to respond to those. This is called "natural justice".
 - O Discussing options for support for those involved.
 - o Resolving through informal conversation/mediation and/or education.
 - O After further internal investigation, determining that no further action is necessary.
 - O Taking provisional action (i.e. suspension) if necessary.
 - Following the complaints process under the National Member Protection Policy (https://afda.com/policies).
- ^ "Reasonable belief" a reasonable person in the same position would have formed the same belief on the same grounds.
- * Mandatory Reporters under the Children, Youth and Families Act 205 (Vic) are:
 - registered medical practitioners
 - nurses
 - midwives
 - registered teachers and early childhood teachers
 - school principals
 - school counsellors
 - police officers
 - out of home care workers (excluding voluntary foster and kinship carers)
 - early childhood workers
 - youth justice workers
 - registered psychologists
 - people in religious ministry.

** "Reportable Conduct" includes any one or more of the following in situations in which the conduct occurs on overnight camps or stays:

Sexual offence committed against a child Sexual offence committed with a child Sexual offence committed in the presence of a child

Physical violence committed against a child Physical violence committed with a child Physical violence committed in the presence of a child Sexual misconduct committed against a child Sexual misconduct committed with a child

Sexual misconduct committed in the presence of a child Behaviour that causes significant emotional or psychological harm to a child

Significant neglect of a child

+ Sexual Abuse of persons under 16 years — whilst "kids" or "Children and Young People" are in all other circumstances defined as under 18 years of age in Victoria, this age is different because the legal age of consent to sexual behaviour in Victoria is 16 years of age. "Child sexual assault" in Victoria is therefore a crime against children under the age of 16 years of age and must be reported to POLICE, even if it is not a situation of "immediate danger" or a "life threatening situation".





Flowchart: Child Safety Reporting Process

Modified from content created by the Commission of Children and Young People

Who can Staff member **Parent** Child Player or volunteer report? Any child safety concerns, including: What to report? • disclosure of abuse or harm • allegation, suspicion or observation • breach of Code of Conduct for dealing with Children and Young People • environmental safety issues. Call 000 if a child is in immediate danger Face-to-face verbal report, letter, email, telephone call, meeting How? Child Safety Officer or Senior Person Who to? What happens The Child Safety Officer or Senior Person will:

next?

- offer support to the child, the parents, the person who reports and the accused staff member or volunteer
- initiate internal processes to ensure the safety of the child, clarify the nature of the complaint and commence disciplinary process (if required)
- decide, in accordance with legal requirements and duty of care, whether the matter should/must be reported to the police or Child Protection and make report as soon as possible if required.





Outcome

Investigation; outcome decided; relevant staff, volunteers, parents and child notified of outcome of investigation; policies, procedures updated where necessary.





Tips and Scripts for Managing Challenging Conversations

INITIAL TIPS:

Open questions (those requiring more than just a "yes" or "no") will help <u>extract information</u> from the person that you are talking to, without "leading" them to answers.

Closed questions will help <u>clarify</u> and <u>confirm</u> what the person that you are talking to is saying.

Actions	Script Ideas
Testing expectations	 How can I help you? What are you hoping to achieve by contacting us/bringing your complaint
 finding out what the complainant expects 	to our attention?
and wants to focus the discussion.	 What outcome are you hoping for?
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• [To parents/carers] What is it that your child wants?
	 What do you think our organisation can do for you?
	 What can we do to resolve this in a way that is fair to everyone?
	 Let's explore your goals in this situation.
	 How do you propose that we resolve this/work through this?
	 Let me explain what happens k when you make a complaint.
	 Would it help if I explained how the complaints process works?
Understanding more about the details of	 The safety of children in our sport is paramount so if you have any
the complaint – gathering the key facts	concerns at all, it's important that we explore those.
	Ensuring the wellbeing of children and members in Ultimate is our
	number one priority. You've done the right thing to contact us – thank you.
	 Can you please talk me through what you saw?
	What happened? Then what happened?
	Can you tell me more?
	When did this occur?
	Where did this occur?
	Why are you concerned?
	• Who was involved?
	Is there anyone else that you think may have seen or heard anything?
	 Were there any witnesses? [If so] Who? Do you know whether they would be comfortable talking to us further? [If not] Do you think that if you explained how important it is to the safety of children in Ultimate, that they might change their mind and contact us?
	 How did [those actions/that behaviour] impact on you and/or others?
	Why do you think this occurred?
	Help me understand
	Describe
	Explain to me
	What else did you notice?
Defining the issues of the complaint – clarifying the issues being raised to	 As I understand it, you're concerned about and is this correct? (Allow for clarification) And you want to happen. Is that correct?
	You appear to be complaining about and is this correct? (Allow for
determine whether they can be dealt with by your organisation	clarification) is an issue we can look at, but and aren't things we can take up because
	Are you saying that?
	Let me see if I understand your issue(s).





- And am I correct that you want ... to happen?
- Can you share that with me one more time just to make sure I understand you completely?
- Thank you for going to the trouble of explaining this to me. As I understand it you're saying ...

If the complainant is rambling:

- Thanks for providing those details. You have obviously [been through a lot/been impacted by these events]. I just need to know...
- So that I don't waste your time, why don't you tell me about
- Tell me what the key issue is that you want to talk about.

Retesting and reframing expectations - correcting any misunderstandings and unrealistic expectations

- Are you aware of what our organisation can do? (often the answer is 'not really') Perhaps I could tell you a bit about the Child Safe Sport Commitment and what we can and can't do.
- Let me explain what we can do under the Child Safe Sport Commitment. .
- ... is what we can do.... we can't do....
- I realise that you want.... We can/can't do ...because....
- won't happen because...However, might be possible.
- Whilst we won't be able to do that.... we may/will be able to....
- So that you aren't disappointed later on, I should clarify now that it is very unlikely that we'll be able to do because....
- It seems to me you're hoping we can do Whilst I have to tell you now that this will not be possible because

Preparing the complainant for disappointment – delivering bad news as early as possible to avoid the complainant developing unrealistic expectations about their complaint and any possible outcomes

- I wanted to call you and tell you about the outcome/decision of your complaint before I send out a letter, because I know the outcome isn't what you'd hoped for (explain).
- I wanted to call you to explain why we are unable to progress with your complaint further before I send you a letter saying this (explain).
- Of course, the decision will be sent to you in writing. Speaking with you means I can also answer any questions you have about the decision/ outcome.

Note: Although these conversations are not easy, they allow you to discuss the 'bad news' on your own terms and at a time when you are mentally prepared to do so — instead of some hours, days or weeks after you have sent the complainant their final letter and they have had time to script or rehearse a response to the bad news.

Things may escalate over time so it's best to address things as early as possible.



Complainant Name:

(if other than Child)



Child Safe Standards

Confidential Record of Child Safety Concern

Age: "Adult" if over 18		Date	e Complaint R	eceived:	/	1	
[Organisation/Sport] Club:		•					
Date notified:							
Anonymity?:	Do	es th	e complainan	t/child wish	ı to	remain anonymous? (Circle)	
		YES NO					
			Chi	ld's Details			
Full Name:			(Use alias if	child's iden	tity	needs to be protected)	
Address:		(If known and can be disclosed in line with protection requirements)					
Date of Birth:			Sex:		Age at time of alleged offence:		
[Organisation/Sport] Club:							
Parent/Guardian Name:							
Parent/Guardian Address:							
Parent/Guardian Telephone	e No).					
Reason for complaint/concern (e.g. observation, injury, disclosure)							
Location of alleged incider	Location of alleged incident(s):						





	Name of Pers	on Complain	ed	About	
Full Name:					
Date of Birth:		Sex:		Age at time of alleged offence:	
[Organisation/Sport] Club or Associat					
Role/Status	Administr (voluntee				Parent
(in sport)	☐ Athlete ☐ Spectator			Spectator	
	☐ Coach/Assistant Coach ☐ Support Personn			Support Personnel	
	□ Employee □ Offic		Official		
	□ Other				
Alleged Breach(es) of Code of Conduct for dealing with Children and Young People					
[Detail sections of the Code of Conduct that you believe that the behaviour/incident(s) may have breached]					
Outcome the complainant is seeking:					
Witnesses (if more than 3 witnesses attach details to this form)					
Name (1):					
Contact details:					
Consent to provide details to others?:		/ NO			





Name (2):	
Contact details:	
Consent to provide details to others?:	YES / NO
Name (3):	
Contact details:	
Consent to provide details to others?:	YES / NO
Other notes?	
Interim action (if any) taken (to ensure Child about)	d's safety and/or to support needs of person complained
	Who:
	When:
Police Contacted	
	Advice provided:
	Who:
	When:
Government agency contacted	
	Advice provided:
Government agency contacted (if more	Who:
than one)	When:





	Advice provided:				
Ultimate Victoria or Australian Flying Disc Association personnel contacted	Who:				
Association personner contacted	When:				
Police and/or Government agency investigation: ADVICE AND/OR FINDING					
Other reporting (if relevant)?					
Internal investigation (if any): PROGRESS/FI	NDING				
Action taken					
	Name:				
Completed by:	Position in Organisation:				
	Signature:				
	Date:				
Signed by:					
	Complainant (if not a Child)				

This record and any notes must be kept in a confidential place and provided to the relevant authorities (Police and Government) should they require them. This record must be kept for a minimum of seven (7) years.





Victorian Mandatory Reporting of Child Abuse Summary

The following information provides further clarification around the requirements relating to when individuals are required to report identified or suspected child abuse.

1. Immediate Danger or Life Threatening Situation involving a Child or Young Person

Report the matter <u>immediately to police</u> - call 000.

2. Failure to Disclose Offence

In Victoria, ALL adults who have a reasonable belief that **child sexual abuse of a child under 16 years**, by an adult, has occurred or is likely to occur MUST report that belief <u>to police</u>.

3. Reportable Conduct

In addition to the Standards, under the Victorian Reportable Conduct Scheme, if an incident occurs on overnight stays or camps, or you are a person who is required to report, under the Reportable Conduct Scheme, the following acts/behaviour, or <u>reasonable beliefs</u> or suspicions of acts/behaviours or likely acts/behaviours MUST be reported to the Commission for Children and Young People (**CCYP**) within three business days:

Sexual offence committed against a child Sexual offence committed with a child Sexual offence committed in the presence of a child Physical violence committed against a child

Physical violence committed against a child Physical violence committed with a child Physical violence committed in the presence of a child Sexual misconduct committed against a child Sexual misconduct committed with a child Sexual misconduct committed in the presence of a child Behaviour that causes significant emotional or psychological harm to a child Significant neglect of a child

4. Mandatory Reporters

Mandatory Reporters **MUST** report to the Department of Health & Human Services (**DHHS**), child physical and sexual abuse (actual or likely) where the child's parents have not protected or are unlikely to protect them. See https://providers.dhhs.vic.gov.au/mandatory-reporting to check who is mandated to report in Victoria.

5. Moral Obligation to Report

In Victorian sport, even if you are not a mandatory reporter, nor required to report under the Reportable Conduct Scheme to report a concern about a Child or Young Person (eg, some of the above acts/behaviours or reasonable beliefs or suspicions of the behaviour listed above have not occurred on an overnight camp or stay), you can and are advised to report matters to DHHS and CCYP that you reasonably believe or suspect did cause or are likely to cause significant harm to a child under the age of 18 years.





6. Definitions - "Reasonable Belief" and "Significant Harm"

A "**reasonable belief**" is "a belief that a reasonable person in the same position would have formed the same belief on the same grounds".

"Significant" harm or neglect is "more than trivial or insignificant, but need not be as high as serious and need not have a lasting permanent effect".

How to make a report to child safety authorities

Is there a helpline mandated reporters you can contact to discuss a possible report prior to making one?

Child protection intake staff are experienced practitioners skilled in receiving reports and discussing with reporters their concerns about a child. The legislation requires mandatory reporters to make a report to child protection as soon as practicable after forming the belief and after each occasion you become aware of any further grounds for the belief.

Who can I consult?

As a mandated reporter, the legislation requires you to make a report to child protection as soon as practicable after forming the belief and after each occasion you become aware of any further grounds for the belief.

Also, <u>any person in Victoria</u> is entitled to make a report to DHHS or CCYP if they believe a child is in need of protection from actual or likely significant harm AND that they have not or are unlikely to be protected by their parents/guardians – you don't need to be a mandatory reporter. Child protection staff are experienced practitioners skilled in receiving reports and discussing concerns about a child with reporters.

How do I make a report?

In Victoria, reports to child protection must be made to a protective intervener, or other appropriately delegated officer. Reports cannot be made via the DHHS website or email, as staff who monitor the department's website are not delegated officers. Almost all reports are made to child protection by phone.

To make a report, you should contact the child protection intake service covering the local government area (LGA) where the child normally resides.

Telephone numbers to make a report to DHHS during business hours (8.45am -5.00pm), Monday to Friday, are listed below.

North Division intake: 1300 664 977 South Division intake: 1300 655 795 East Division intake: 1300 360 391

West Division intake - metropolitan: 1300 664 977

West Division intake - rural and regional: 1800 075 599

If you are not sure which number to call, check the following website for details on the LGAs covered by each intake service at Child protection contacts https://services.dhhs.vic.gov.au/child-protection-contacts

For immediate help for a child:

To report concerns that are life threatening, you should contact Victoria Police: 000

To report a matter to CCYP under the Reportable Conduct Scheme: 13 12 78

To report concerns about the immediate safety of a child outside of normal business hours, you should contact the After Hours Child Protection Emergency Service on **13 12 78**.